



Human Cytokine ELISA Plate Array IV (Colorimetric)

Catalog Number EA-4015

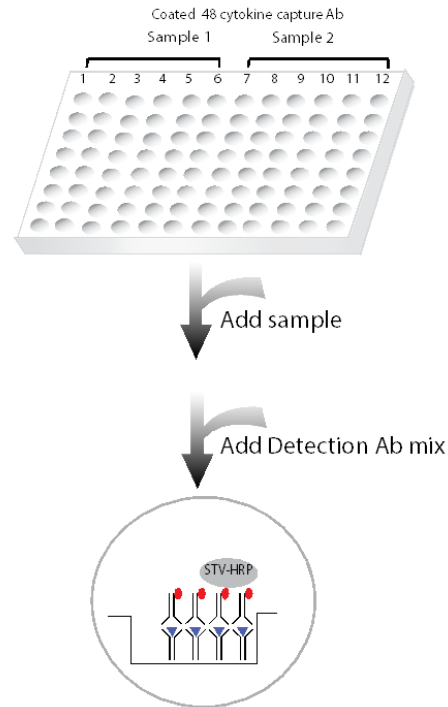
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Introduction

Cytokines are signaling molecules that have critical roles in many biological processes such as cellular growth, differentiation, gene expression, migration, immunity, and inflammation. Cytokines are secreted from cells and bound to cell-surface receptors, which initiate the activation of signal transduction pathways and mediate cell to cell communication. The malfunction of cytokines leads to many diseases including arthritis, acute and chronic liver disease, inflammatory bowel disease, cardiac-related diseases, and cancers. A group of cytokines commonly involves in one biological or disease process, therefore, the comprehensive analysis of the expression of multiple cytokines allows revealing the underneath mechanism of the disease state effectively. The Human Cytokine ELISA Plate Array IV allows you to monitor the abundance of 48 human cytokines in a high-throughput manner. This assay is a fast and sensitive tool for quantitatively profiling the levels of multiple cytokines between samples simultaneously.

Principle of the assay

The 96-well clear plate is divided into 2 sections. In each section, 48 of specific cytokine capture antibodies are coated on 48 wells respectively. The sample such as cell culture supernatants, cell lysates, tissue homogenates, serum, or plasma samples is incubated with cytokine ELISA plate, and the captured cytokine proteins are subsequently detected with a cocktail of biotinylated detection antibodies. The test sample is allowed to react with pairs of two antibodies, resulting in the cytokines being sandwiched between the solid phase and enzyme-linked antibodies. After incubation, the wells are washed to remove unbound-labeled antibodies. A HRP substrate, TMB, is added to result in the development of a blue color. The color development is then stopped with the addition of Stop Solution changing the color to yellow. The concentrations of the human cytokines are directly proportional to the color intensity of the test sample. Absorbance is measured spectrophotometrically at 450 nm.



Materials provided with the kit

Component	Qty	Store at
96-Well Plate coated with 48 different antibodies against Human Cytokines	1	4°C
48 Biotin-labeled anti-human detection antibody mix	200 µL	-20°C
Streptavidin-HRP conjugate	50 µL	4°C
1xDiluent buffer	40 mL	4°C
5X Assay wash buffer	40 mL	4°C
Substrate	10 mL	4°C
Stop solution	5 mL	4°C

Material required but not provided

- Microplate reader
- Distilled H₂O

Reagent preparation before starting experiment

- Dilute the 5x Assay wash buffer to 1x buffer
 - 40ml 5x Assay wash buffer
 - 160 ml ddH₂O
- Dilute 50 times of biotin labeled antibody mixture with 1X Diluent buffer.
- Dilute 200 times of streptavidin-HRP with 1x Diluent buffer.
- Avoid contact of Substrate and Stop Solution with sunlight or any metal surfaces.
- Important Note: Before beginning your experiment, quickly take 50µL of the Substrate and check to make sure it's clear. **If its color has changed to dark blue, do not begin the experiment and contact us immediately.**

Sample preparation before starting experiment

- For **cell culture medium samples**, add 100 µl directly to the well or dilute 2-fold with 1X Diluent buffer.
- For **cell lysate samples**, use cell lysis buffer (Catalog# EA-0001). Follow protocol on Cell Lysate Buffer User Manual on our website.
- For **serum or plasma samples**, we recommend a 1:10 to 1:20 dilution with 1x diluent buffer. When serum-containing conditional media is required, be sure to use serum as control.

Assay procedure

1. Take the plate from the aluminized bag. Seal the unused wells with a film.
2. Prepare 5 ml sample and add 100 µl of sample per well and incubate for **2 hours** at room temperature with gentle shaking.
3. Invert the plate over an appropriate container and expel the contents forcibly. Wash the plate by adding 200 µl of 1x Assay wash buffer. Repeat the washing process two times for a total of three washes. Complete removal of liquid at each wash by firmly tapping the plate against a pile of clean paper towels.

4. Add 100 µl of diluted biotin-labeled antibody mixture to each well and incubate for 2 hours at room temperature with gentle shaking. (For lower concentration samples, the plate can be incubated overnight at 4°C for a stronger signal).
5. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 3.
6. Add 100 µl of diluted streptavidin-HRP conjugate to each well and incubate for 45 min at room temperature with gentle shaking.
7. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 3.
8. Before adding substrate, check to make sure it is clear. **If the substrate is already blue, please leave the wash buffer in the wells, seal and store the plate at 4°C, and contact us immediately.**
9. Add 100 µl substrate to each well and incubate for 30-60 minutes.
10. Add 50 µl of Stop solution to each well. The color in the wells should change from blue to yellow.
11. Determine the optical density of each well with a microplate reader at 450 nm within 30 minutes.

Example of Analysis Data

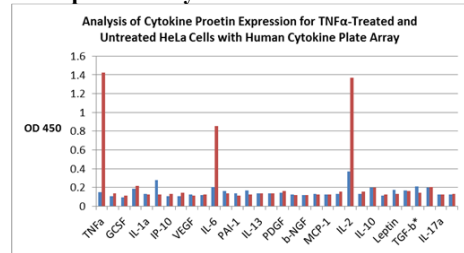


Figure1: Analysis of Cytokine Protein Expression in TNF α -Treated and Untreated HeLa with Human Cytokine ELISA Plate Array

HeLa cells were starved for 24 hours with serum-free medium, subsequently treated the cells with and without 20ng/ul TNF α for 16 hours. The serum-free conditioned media were incubated on the plate for 1 hour. After incubating with detection antibody mix and HRP, the plate was detected by a plate reader.

Diagram of Human Cytokine ELISA Plate Array IV

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	Adiponectin	CXCL16	IGF-1	IL-6	IL-22	PDGF-BB	Adiponectin	CXCL16	IGF-1	IL-6	IL-22	PDGF-BB
B	β -NGF	EGF	IGF-BP1	IL-8	IL-31	PIGF-1	β -NGF	EGF	IGF-BP1	IL-8	IL-31	PIGF-1
C	CCL27	Eotaxin-3	IL-1 α	IL-10	IP-10	Rantes	CCL27	Eotaxin-3	IL-1 α	IL-10	IP-10	Rantes
D	CTGF	FGFb	IL-1 β	IL-11	Leptin	Resistin	CTGF	FGFb	IL-1 β	IL-11	Leptin	Resistin
E	CXCL1	G-CSF	IL-2	IL-12	MCP-1	SCF	CXCL1	G-CSF	IL-2	IL-12	MCP-1	SCF
F	CXCL2	GM-CSF	IL-3	IL-13	MIP-1 α	TGF β	CXCL2	GM-CSF	IL-3	IL-13	MIP-1 α	TGF β
G	CXCL9	ICAM-1	IL-4	IL-17a	Neuroserpin	TNF α	CXCL9	ICAM-1	IL-4	IL-17a	Neuroserpin	TNF α
H	CXCL11	IFN γ	IL-5	IL-17E	PAI-1	VEGF	CXCL11	IFN γ	IL-5	IL-17E	PAI-1	VEGF