

## Mouse Anti-TPO ELISA Kit

Catalog Number EA-5212

(For Research Use Only)

#### Introduction

Thyroid peroxidase (TPO) is an important enzyme in the thyroid, a gland which plays a crucial role in the production of thyroid hormones. In autoimmune thyroid diseases, the immune system produces autoantibodies against TPO, which damages the thyroid and impairs its ability to produce hormones. Detecting anti-TPO antibodies in the blood is important because they are present in most patients with Hashimoto's thyroiditis and Grave's disease.

#### Principle of the assay

Anti-TPO ELISA kit measures anti-TPO antibodies in the serum. It is based on the principle of a solid phase enzymelinked immunosorbent assay. The assay utilizes TPO protein for immobilization on the microtiter wells and anti-mouse IgG antibodies conjugated to horseradish peroxidase (HRP) for detection. The test sample is allowed to react simultaneously with the two components, resulting in anti-TPO antibodies being sandwiched between the solid phase and enzyme-linked antibodies. After incubation, the wells are washed to remove unbound-labeled antibodies. A HRP substrate, TMB, is added to result in the development of a blue color. The color development is then stopped with the addition of Stop Solution changing the color to yellow. The concentration of anti-TPO is directly proportional to the color intensity of the test sample. Absorbance is measured spectrophotometrically at 450 nm.

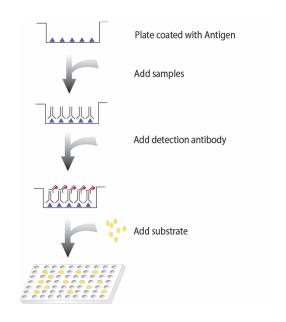


Diagram of ELISA

### Materials provided with the kit

- 8x12 96-well plate coated with TPO (4°C).
- Anti-mouse IgG antibody conjugated to HRP (4°C).
- Mouse TPO Standard (4°C).
- 1X Diluent buffer (4°C).
- 5X Assay wash buffer (4°C).
- Substrate (4°C).
- Stop Solution (4°C)

#### Material required but not provided

- Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm
- Shaker

# Reagent preparation before starting experiment

- Dilute the 5x Assay wash buffer to 1x buffer 40ml 5x Assay wash buffer 160ml ddH2O
- Dilute 1000 times of anti-mouse IgG antibody conjugated to HRP with 1X Diluent buffer.

### **Storage and Preparation**

Store all reagents at 2-8°C.

All reagents must be brought to room temperature (20-25°C) prior to use.

When stored at 2-8°C, the diluted Assay wash buffer is stable until the kit expiration date.

#### SAMPLE COLLECTION AND STORAGE

#### Serum

Use a serum separator tube and allow samples to clot for 30 minutes before centrifugation for 15 minutes at 1000 g. Remove serum and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at  $-20^{\circ}$  C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

#### Plasma

Collect plasma using citrate, EDTA, or heparin as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 minutes at 1000 g within 30 minutes of collection. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20° C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

## Assay procedure

- 1. Take the desired number of well strips from the plate. Make sure the rest of strips are well sealed.
- 2. Standard Curve:
  - Add 200µl 1xDiluent Buffer to the 1<sup>st</sup> well on one strip
  - Add 100μl 1x Diluent Buffer to the rest of wells on the same strip
  - Add appropriate amount of mouse TPO standard (50 μg/ml) to 1<sup>st</sup> well as 1<sup>st</sup> dilution
  - Mix 1<sup>st</sup> dilution in 1<sup>st</sup> well and transfer 100µl from 1<sup>st</sup> to next well for next dilution. Perform six two-fold serial dilutions
  - 1xDiluent buffer serves as the zero standard or blank

## Note: The first dilution starting from 250ng/ml is recommended.

3.Add 100  $\mu$ l of diluted samples or positive control (1:100 diluted with 1X Diluent Buffer) per well and incubate for 1 hour at room temperature with gentle shaking. \*Note: We recommend having a blank condition. For the blank, add only 1x Diluent buffer to the well.

- 4. Aspirate each well and wash by adding 200µl of 1X Assay wash buffer. Repeat the process twice for a total of three washes. Completely remove liquid at each wash by firmly tapping the plate against clean paper towels.
- 5. Add 100µl of diluted anti-mouse IgG antibody conjugated to HRP to each well and incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature with gentle shaking.
- 6. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 3.
- 7. Add  $100\mu l$  of Substrate to each well and incubate for 5-15 minutes.
- \*Note: Positive control will turn blue. Samples should be stopped when blue color begins to appear in blank.
- 8. Add 50µl of Stop solution to each well. The color in the wells should change from blue to yellow.
- 9. Determine the optical density of each well with a microplate reader at 450 nm within 30 minutes.